

**Discrete Mathematics**  
**368.115**  
**Exercise sheet 1 for October 7, 2016**

1. Design a deterministic finite automaton that recognizes  $L = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* : \text{the symbol before the last symbol is a } b\}$ .
2. Design a nondeterministic finite automaton that recognizes  $L = \{x \in \{a, b\}^* : \text{the symbol before the last symbol is a } b\}$ , possibly with at most 3 states.
3. (cf. [1, p. 301]) Design a deterministic finite automaton that recognizes the set of strings over the alphabet  $\{a, b\}$  containing at least two occurrences of two consecutive  $b$ 's, overlapping permitted (e.g., the string  $bbb$  should be accepted).
4. Let  $L \subseteq A^*$ , and let  $u \in A^*$ . We define

$$u^{-1}L := \{x \in A^* : ux \in L\}.$$

Let  $a, b \in A$ ,  $u \in A^*$ . Show:

- (a)  $b^{-1}(a^{-1}L) = (ab)^{-1}L$ ,
  - (b)  $u^{-1}(L_1 \cup L_2) = (u^{-1}L_1) \cup (u^{-1}L_2)$ ,
  - (c)  $A^* \setminus (u^{-1}L) = u^{-1}(A^* \setminus L)$ .
5. Let  $L$  be a language that is recognized by a deterministic finite automaton with  $q$  states. Suppose that  $L$  contains no word with less than  $q$  letters. Show that  $L$  is empty.

## References

- [1] D. C. Kozen. *Automata and computability*. Undergraduate Texts in Computer Science. Springer-Verlag, New York, 1997.